

Design copyright a 2555 Special Ciructurus Lish.D- and acris then this drawing. All disancions in additionance unless otherwise stated. Medding and taketestins to be undertaken in accordance with the national stucioses specification. Technica in accordance with Table of Accordance Table 2.

DESIGN PARAMETERS - MT46 - 2

The structure is designed for the following applied loads;
Wind I ad in accordance with British Standard - CP3 Chapter V Part 2 1772. Taking due account of period of exposure.

Wind speed = 42 m/s. Wind load = 8.5 Kn/m2

Ne snew lead has been calculated for this structure.

Large distributed and point loads can be auspended within the atructure. Dominant openings are not allowed for. Talk to Rudi Enes Design 1719 574721. Ground condition may require extra staking, factoring, or anchorages.

All wind t-radings in this example are based up-n British Standard - CP3: Chapter V: part 2: 1972 and a basic wind speed of 4.2 m/c (RRF fig 1 page 1). This wind speed is 1xt1-red t-give a design wind speed fact-red as f-ll-wa (dayse 5 pages 7 and 11)

- 1/ Fact-r 51:- A t-p-graphy fact-r t- acc-unt r-r cliffs and excarpments, the effects of hills and the sheltering in valleys nominally 1.1.
- 2/ Factor \$2.5- A factor to account for ground roughness, building height and aize. A factor of 1.53 is used for open countryside with scattered wind breaks, on a structure more than \$1m in width or length. I (p.3 Table 3, factor 42, p.111.
- 3/ Factor \$3 :- A statistical factor. This is taken as \$1.77 which is based on the structure being temporary and subject to a wind likely to occur every 2 years. I Cp 3 Fig 2. (sector \$3, p.12 l.

B5 #114 The Structural Use of Aluminium B5 \$758 sPart 1: 1945 Structural Steelwork B5 \$434 : Parts 2a & 2b : Flame Retardancy.

Exbric Technical data: Specification of Exbric Used:

ENGINEERED STRUCTURAL FABRICS

Fibrics used for engineering application are usually polyeater or glass fibre costed with a variety of chemical compounds. The seven base cloth Corriles most of the tendle forces while the casting proteins the cloth applicat seventh automanisate statests of selection and pullution. An additional casting of close is topic or as to applied for additional proteins. There is request can be actylic, PDPF (fivenies as in most that tripp parall, of testin.

There are many different combinations of base cloth/coating/bocquer. The correct specification is chosen from experience, and technical and commercial considerations.

TYPE 1 STRUCTURAL FARRIC

Support cloth	IDIN 488811	PE4
Ends/picks	IDIN 534531	7/7
Yarn	IDIN \$34311	1166
Weave	DIN 41191	L1/1
Grey <l-th-weight< td=""><td>IDIN 53454</td><td>211</td></l-th-weight<>	IDIN 53454	211
Type of coating	PVC	
Total weight	IDIN 533521	711
Tensile atrength warp/weft	IDIN 533541	301/301
Tear resistance warp/weft	(DIN 53343) 311/351	
Adhesien	IDIN 533431	100

Typical Flame retardancy

B SS 167 TYPE B Class 2 Classment M 2 DIN 4182 B1 NFPA 781 small and large scale

Cold crack Flexing strength Widths: Ical -48 degrees Celsius | DIN 53341| no cracking after at 188,881 flexes | DIN 53359| various

COLOUR

Most prime colours are available as standard. Special colours are subject to minimum ordering quantities.

LACOUER

Various lacquers are available for different applications, such as PVDF. PTFE. Acrylic Silicon.

Blackout cloths are available to special order

The above data are averages from production. Fine certificates for most countries available. Product descriptions and suggested and uses are general and subject to trial for the intended end use. Production is subject to change, et EGE

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